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C.I.A. Officers Testify at Hawaii Fraud Trial

By ROBERT LINDSEY

Special to The New York Times
HONOLULU, Aug. 29 — A retired
officer of the Central Intelligence
Agency's clandestine service has told,
in tears, how he persuaded his 88-yearold mother, who was blind and disabled, to invest most of her savings in
the business ventures of Ronald R. Rewald

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"I don't want to appear as if i'm a patsy," John C Kindschi, the former agent, testifiethe here this week, acknowledging that his more than the state of the

'Ability to Convey Sincerity'

evasion.

'Ability to Convey Sincerity'
Prosecutors say that Mr. Rewald, described by one of his lawyers as someone who has the 'ability to convey sincerity.' swindled hundreds of investors of the million of the mill

Outline of Case So Far

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The jury trial began Aug. 7 and is expected to last two more months.
This is an outline of the case the Government has presented so far, based on
court documents and testimony:
Mr Rewald, a native of Wisconsin,
was an ambitious, athletic young man
who has said that as a junior-college
student in the 1960's he provided information to the C.I.A. about student antiwar activistic.

mation to the C.1.A. doors assessment war activists.

In 1977 he moved to Hawaii after pleading no contest to a petty theft charge brought against him in Wisconst. Mr. Rewald had opened a chain of sporting goods stores, and the authorities said he had violated Wisconsin laws while trying to sell franchises for the stores.

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In Hawaii Mr. Rewald established a financial consulting company, the Consolidated Mutual Investment Corporation. In 1978 he visited the Honolulu of fice of the Central Intelligence Agency, introduced himself to its Director, Eugene J. Welch, and volunteered to do whatever he could for the agency.

Mr. Welch later suggested to other C.I.A. officials that the businessman could be helpful in reporting on ineligence mattering the country of the could be reported to the country or abroad.

Before long Mr. Welch had introduced Mr. Rewald to his successor, Mr. Kindschi, and they became friends. Testimony by C.I.A. officers has indicated that the agency has a branch that makes agreements with bona fide businesses to create the illusion that its agents are employees of the companies.

Under such an arrangement the com-

agents are employees of the compa-nies.

Under such an arrangement the com-punies fictitiously list the agents on their payrolls, issue them business cards and stationery, and agree to con-firm their employment to any callers, a process called "backstopping."

Few Questions Asked

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Court testimony indicates that the agency sometimes asks few questions about the companies with which it makes such agreements.
John H. Mason, a member of the corporate cover branch in the late 1970s, testified that after a one-hour meeting with Mr. Rewald in 1978, he recruited him to provide cover for a C.I.A. operative, C. L. Richardson, who needed an alias for a planned attempt to recruit as a spy an unidentified foreign national who was temporarily in this country.

tional who was emparation country.

Although a check by the agency's Office of Security uncovered Mr. Rewald's Wisconsin conviction, Mr. Mason said he recommended against a full investigation because Mr. Rewald had complained that interviews with his neighbors might create "unfavorath attent".

ocean-front mansion and two ranches. He bought the Hawaii Polo Club and a string of polo ponies and spent lavishly on women, the prosecutors say. They say that Mr. Kindschi, who upon his retirement from the C.I.A. in 1980 went to work for one of Mr. Re-waid's companies, was not the only person impressed by Mr. Rewald's charm and personal magnetism. Promises of high returns on their investments, which were sometimes fulfilled, had lured many professional people in Hawaii and on the mainiand to give money to Mr. Rewald. One official in the C.I.A.'s clandestine operations was dismissed for inducing other agents to invest with Mr. Rewald. In fact, according to John Payton, an Assistant United States Attorney who heads the prosecution, Mr. Rewald was generating ever-increasing investments by using money from later investors to pay high interest rates to early investors, which in turn lured new investors.

In 1882, according to court records, Joseph Campione, an agent of the internal Revenue Service who lived not far from Mr. Rewald, became puzzled by his apparent wealth, especially reports from his own children describing how Mr. Rewald's children were some.

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